ABSTRACT (R. Andrews, 10-76)

215-217 West Washington Street Hagerstown Washington County

circa 1835 remodeled circa 1900

In 1831 William D. Bell purchased the large tract of land located on West Washington Street known as the Rochester Estate. Bell divided the tract into building lots and opened the present Prospect Street along the eastern boundary. The house under consideration here is described in the 1906 $\frac{A}{A}$ History of Washington County as standing on the first lot sold by Bell along the south side of Washington Street.

Erected in the 1830s, this brick building was extensively altered to its present appearance about 1900. It is identified in the 1906 history book as having been erected as a residence for Dr. John Reynolds, a physician. The house is believed to be the first dwelling constructed on the Washington Street lots laid out by Bell and may date from the 1833 to 1835 period.

About 1900 the house was extensively enlarged and altered, probably for Clarence Summers Hunter who purchased the property in 1896. The renovations involved raising the original structure to a full three stories and the construction of a sizable addition to the south or rear side. In addition to the physical changes, the use of the building was also changed from a single family dwelling to multiple apartment units. The changes also represent a change in the neighborhood from a primarily residential area to a mixture of residential and commercial.

The original building apparently was a two and a half story house with a symmetrical facade of five bays, the present basic fenestration arrangement of the front. Current analysis indicates that the house probably was one of the more substantial and elaborate residences of the time signifying that the person for whom the structure was built had a fairly high degree of affluence. Most documented houses of this period belonging to the wealthier classes had three bay facades with the doorway located in one of the end bays.

The building is an important visual element in the streetscape. It is prominently located atop a hill west of Public Square and is one of the taller structures in the block, the tallest being a modern highrise to the west. The building blends well with the neighboring structures in materials and lines.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

NAME			*************************************	
HISTORIC				
AND/OR COMMON	215-217 West Wash	ington Street	,	
LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER				
CITY, TOWN	215-217 West Wash	ington Street	CONGRESSIONAL DIST	DICT
	Hagerstown	VICINITY OF	Sixth	1101
STATE	Maryland		county Washingt	on
CLASSIFICA'	IION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	SENT USE
V	_PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
27711271127	_PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	X_COMMERCIAL	PARK
SITE	_BOTH PUBLIC ACQUISITION	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
	_IN PROCESS	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	
	_BEING CONSIDERED	YES: RESTRICTEDYES: UNRESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
_	_being considered	X_NO	INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	TRANSPORTATIONOTHER:
OWNER OF P	ROPERTY			
NAME	Edward W. Ditto,	1 m	Molecker !	
STREET & NUMBER	Edward W. DICLO,	ur.	Telephone #:	
	1702 Cathedral Av	enue		
CITY, TOWN	Ha governous			ip code
LOCATION		VICINITY OF	Maryland	21740
LOCATION	F LEGAL DESCR	IPTION	Liber #: 219	
COURTHOUSE,			Folio #: 697	
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.	Washington County	Courthouse		
STREET & NUMBER	95 West Washington	Street		
CITY, TOWN		, oticet	STATE	
	Hagerstown		Maryland	<u> </u>
REPRESENTA	ATION IN EXIST	NG SURVEYS	riar y faric	
DATE		FEDERAL	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS				
			STATE	

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT

__DETERIORATED

__UNALTERED

X_ORIGINAL SITE

X_GOOD __FAIR

__RUINS __UNEXPOSED X_ALTERED

__MOVED DATE...

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Known as 215-217 West Washington Street in Hagerstown, Washington County, the building stands on the south side of the street near the center of the block formed by Prospect and Walnut Streets, the third block west of Public Square.

The building is a three-story-high nineteenth century brick structure which abuts the sidewalk and has a five-bay symmetrical facade (north elevation). Resting on a high foundation, the building has a flatish roof which rises to form a low gable the width of the facade. A two-story screened balcony block supported by five square brick columns projects from the east end wall over a driveway. A three story high addition is attached to the rear or south elevation of the main structure.

The building was erected about 1835 as a two and a half story Classical influenced house, about half the size of the present building. It appears to have been five bays across the facade, the present basic fenestration arrangement. The large rear portion was probably constructed about 1900 when the third story was added to the front section.

The bricks of the original section are laid in Flemish bond on the facade (north elevation) and Common Bond (five rows of stretchers to one row of headers) on the side elevations. The bricks of the later additions (the third story and the rear portion) are laid in Common bond (seven rows of stretchers to one row of headers). The facade bricks continue down to the ground level.

The facade or north elevation has a centered double doorway and is terminated below the gable by a large molded cornice almost forming a pent roof. The doorways, which probably replaces the original entrance to the house, has a small portico with round columns and a hip roof. The cornice is rather flat and has single decorated end brackets. The cornice freize has square raised panels with rosettes. The facade gable has a centered tripartite half round window.

The principal windows of the building are the rectangular double-hung, wooden sash type with narrow frames and wooden sills. The window openings of the front or main portion, not including those of the foundation, have narrow rectangular wooden entablatures which extend beyond the width of the openings. The first and second story windows of this section have six-over-one lights and the third level windows have one-over-one lights. The sashes, and possibly the frames and entablatures, of the first and second story windows of the original portion appear to date from about 1900.

The foundation windows of the front or original section have three-overthree lights and brick flat arches as probably did the window openings of the original building. The windows of the back addition have segmental arches with wooden arch panels and one-over-one lights of the circa 1900 period.

SIGNIFICANCE continued structures in the block, the tallest being a modern highrise to the west. The building blends well with the neighboring structures in materials and lines but is visually scarred by a parking lot to the east. This problem could be rectified to a great extent by planting trees and shrubs to temper the sharp contrast.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

SEE CHAIN OF TITLE

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
—PREHISTORIC —1400-1499 —1500-1599 —1600-1699 —1700-1799 X_1800-1899 —1900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC AGRICULTURE XARCHITECTURE ART COMMERCE COMMUNICATIONS	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY INVENTION	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	-RELIGION -SCIENCE -SCULPTURE X_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN -THEATER -TRANSPORTATION -OTHER (SPECIFY)

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

In 1831 William D. Bell purchased the large tract of land located on West Washington Street known as the Rochester Estate (Deed Book MM, p. 380). Bell divided the tract into building lots and opened the present Prospect Street along the eastern boundary. The house under consideration here is described in the 1906 $\frac{A}{A}$ History of Washington County (I, 443) as standing on the first lot sold by Bell along the south side of Washington Street.

Erected in the 1830s, this brick building was extensively altered to its present appearance about 1900. It is identified in the 1906 history book as having been erected as a residence for Dr. John Reynolds (17 -1840), a physician. The house is believed to be the first dwelling constructed on the Washington Street lots laid out by Bell and may date from the 1833 to 1835 period.

The house is labeled on the 1850 Sidney <u>Map of Hagerstown</u> as belonging to Miss Reynolds. In 1855, Elizabeth Lawrence purchased the property from the estate of Maria G. Reynolds who was probably a daughter of Dr. Reynolds. (Deed Book I.N. No. 9, p. 716.) Miss Lawrence, who occupied the house with her sister Martha, was a daughter of Upton Lawrence, a prominent attorney, and Elizabeth Hager, a daughter of Jonathan Hager, Jr., a son of the founder of Hagerstown (Williams, I, 179).

About 1900 the house was extensively enlarged and altered, probably for Clarence Summers Hunter who purchased the property in 1896 (Deed Book 104, p. 456). The renovations (See Section No. 7) involved raising the original structure to a full three stories and the construction of a sizable addition to the south or rear side. In addition to the physical changes, the use of the building was also changed from a single family dwelling to multiple apartment units. The changes also represent a change in the neighborhood from a primarily residential area to a mixture of residential and commercial.

The original building apparently was a two and a half story house with a symmetrical facade of five bays, the present basic fenestration arrangement of the front. Current analysis indicates that the house probably was one of the more substantial and elaborate residences of the time signifying that the person for whom the structure was built had a fairly high degree of affluence. Most documented houses of this period belonging to the wealthier classes had three bay facades with the doorway located in one of the end bays.

The building is an important visual element in the streetscape. It is prominently located atop a hill west of Public Square and is one of the taller CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

SEE BOTTOM OF #7

9 MAIOR	BIBLIOGR	APHICAL	REFERENCES
	DIDTION		

Sidney, J. C. Map of Hagerstown. Philadelphia: T. Sinclair, 1850.

Washington County Land Records, Courthouse, Hagerstown, Maryland.

Williams, Thomas J. C. A History of Washington County, Maryland, 2 vols. Hagerstown, Maryland: John M. Runk and L. R. Titsworth, 1906.

CONTINUE ON SEP.	ARATE SHEET IF NE	CESSARI		
10 GEOGRAPHICA ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PF				
The pro	perty measures appro	ximately 79' x 2	237'.	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DE	SCRIPTION			
VERDAL BOOKBANT S.				
	AND COUNTIES FOR PROPER	TIES OVERI APPING S	STATE OR COUNTY	BOUNDARIES
LIST ALL STATES	AND COUNTIES FOR PROPER	THES OVEREALT IN G.	,,,,,,	
STATE		COUNTY		
		20111171/		
STATE		COUNTY		
	ED DV			
11 FORM PREPAR	FDRI			
NAME / TITLE Ponald	Andrews, Historic	Preservation Co	nsultant	(mbe)
ORGANIZATION	/may emby myodor vo		DAIL	1076
City of	Hagerstown		Dece TELEPHONE	mber 3, 1976
STREET & NUMBER	11		(301) 731-3200
City OR TOWN	I,I		STATE	
Hagerst	own		Mary	land

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

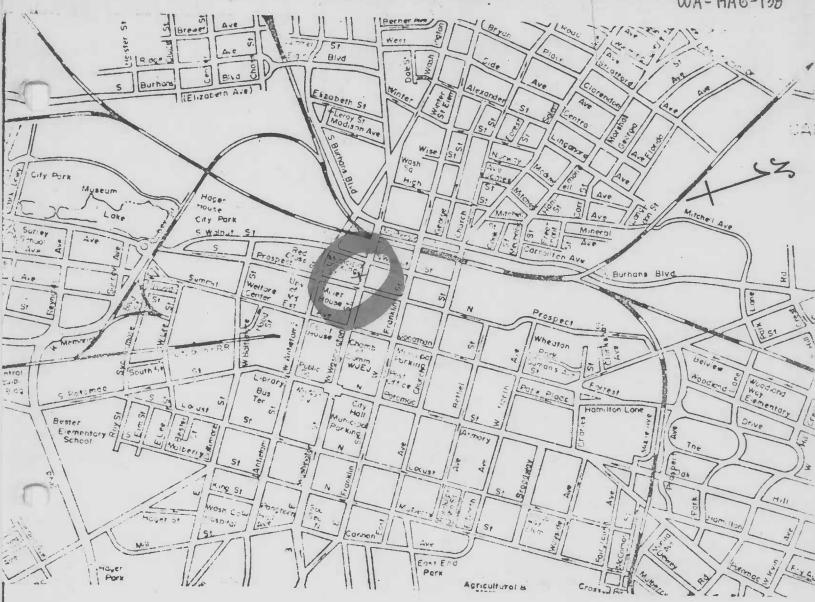
The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

Maryland Historical Trust RETURN TO:

The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438



SITE: 215-217 West Washington Street Hagerstown Washington County, Maryland

map: City of Hagerstown,
Washington County, Md.
City Engineering Dept.
July, 1970
scale 1"=1200'



WA-HAG-138

215-217 West Washington Street Hagerstown Washington Co., Md.

NE view March, 1976

35 mm wide angle lens

RONALD L. ANDREWS